10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

[KO]CPSF6 Rabbit mAb

Catalog # AP75287

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IHC-F, FC, IP
Primary Accession	Q16630
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Isotype	IgG
Conjugate	Unconjugated
Purification	Affinity Purified
Calculated MW	59210

Additional Information

Gene ID	11052
Other Names	CPSF6
Dilution	WB~~1:1000-1:5000 IHC-P~~N/A IHC-F~~N/A FC~~1:20-1:50 IP~~1:10-1:100
Format	Liquid in 50mM Tris-Glycine(pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40%Glycerol, 0.01% sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Storage	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	CPSF6 (HGNC:13871)
Function	Component of the cleavage factor Im (CFIm) complex that functions as an activator of the pre-mRNA 3'-end cleavage and polyadenylation processing required for the maturation of pre-mRNA into functional mRNAs (PubMed:14690600, PubMed:29276085, PubMed:8626397, PubMed:9659921). CFIm contributes to the recruitment of multiprotein complexes on specific sequences on the pre-mRNA 3'-end, so called cleavage and polyadenylation signals (pA signals) (PubMed:14690600, PubMed:8626397, PubMed:9659921). Most pre-mRNAs contain multiple pA signals, resulting in alternative cleavage and polyadenylation (APA) producing mRNAs with variable 3'-end formation (PubMed:23187700, PubMed:29276085). The CFIm complex acts as a key regulator of cleavage and polyadenylation site choice during APA through its binding to 5'- UGUA-3' elements localized in the 3'-untranslated region (UTR) for a huge number of pre-mRNAs (PubMed:20695905, PubMed:29276085). CPSF6 enhances NUDT21/CPSF5 binding to 5'-UGUA-3' elements localized upstream of pA signals and promotes RNA looping, and hence activates

directly the mRNA 3'-processing machinery (PubMed:15169763, PubMed:21295486, PubMed:29276085). Plays a role in mRNA export (PubMed:19864460).

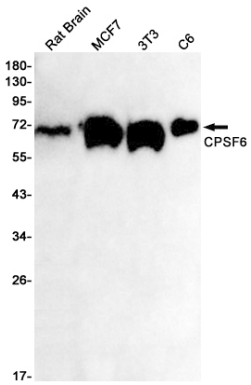
Cellular Location

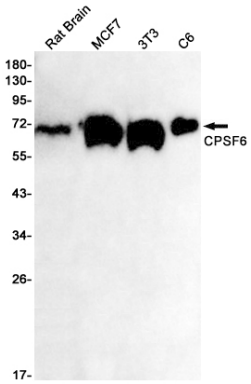
Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Nucleus speckle. Cytoplasm. Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm in a transcription- and XPO1/CRM1-independent manner, most probably in complex with the cleavage factor Im complex (CFIm) (PubMed:19864460). Colocalizes with PSPC1 in punctate subnuclear structures often located adjacent to nuclear speckles, called paraspeckles, and corresponding to interchromatin granules-associated zones (IGAZs) (PubMed:17267687). Distribution in speckles and paraspeckles varies during the cell cycle (PubMed:17267687). Associates at sites of active transcription on nascent perichromatin fibrils (PFs) and perichromatin granules (PubMed:17267687). Nuclear import is mediated via interaction with TNPO3 independently of CPSF6 phosphorylation status (PubMed:30916345).

Background

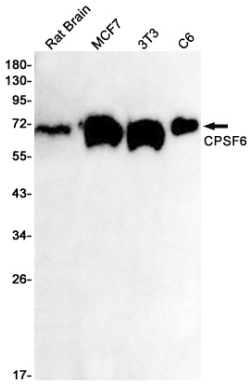
The protein encoded by this gene is one subunit of a cleavage factor required for 3' RNA cleavage and polyadenylation processing. The interaction of the protein with the RNA is one of the earliest steps in the assembly of the 3' end processing complex and facilitates the recruitment of other processing factors. The cleavage factor complex is composed of four polypeptides. This gene encodes the 68kD subunit. It has a domain organization reminiscent of spliceosomal proteins.

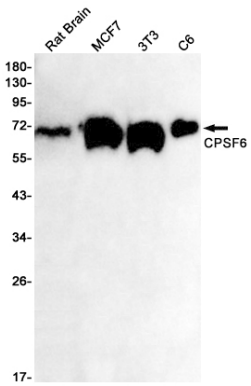
Images

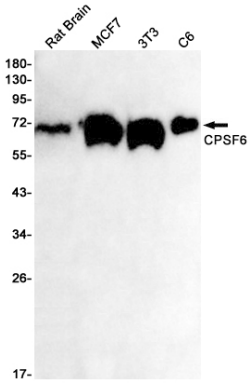




Western blot analysis of CPSF6 in rat Brain, MCF-7, 3T3, C6 lysates using CPSF6 antibody.







Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.